



Weekly Market Report For 20 – 24 April 2026



Overview

- U.S. stocks hit fresh highs as economic momentum remains strong.
- U.S. corporate profits beat forecasts, led by technology stocks.
- U.S.–Iran tensions ease in the near term, with no lasting resolution.
- Oil prices remain elevated after the closure of the Strait of Hormuz.
- China’s economy continues to expand, monetary policy stays accommodative.
- Thai stocks fall despite Moody’s revising Thailand’s outlook to “Stable”.

Market Brief

U.S. stocks climbed to fresh records last week, supported by resilient economic data and better-than-expected corporate earnings.

- The S&P 500 rose 0.6% and the Nasdaq advanced 1.5%, while the Dow slipped 0.4%, underscoring gains driven mainly by technology stocks.
- About 20% of S&P 500 companies have reported earnings so far, with more than 84% beating estimates and aggregate profits rising about 15.1% YoY, marking a sixth consecutive quarter of strong growth.

U.S. economic data continue to show expansion, providing key support for equity market gains.

- March retail sales jumped 1.7%, the strongest since early 2023, driven by higher fuel prices, while core sales used to calculate GDP rose 0.7%. An upward revisions to January and February data reinforcing signs the U.S. economy is stronger than initially expected.
- The purchasing managers’ index rose to 52 in April, the highest in three months, signaling a pickup in U.S. business activity. Manufacturing expanding at its fastest pace in nearly four years, while services showed a modest recovery.

U.S.-Iran tension

- President Donald Trump extended the ceasefire, easing near-term tensions and signaling a renewed push for a diplomatic solution. Talks remain stalled, however, amid key disagreements over the nuclear program and security guarantees.
- The Strait of Hormuz remains closed, driving oil prices up about 13% WoW, with WTI near \$94 a barrel. While markets expect a potential resolution to negotiations in the coming weeks, progress remains uncertain and warrants close monitoring.

European stocks fell about 2.5%, with defensive shares outperforming as geopolitical uncertainty weighed on broader market sentiment.

Japan

- Japan’s Nikkei 225 rose 2.1% to a fresh record high, driven by gains in technology shares, while the broader TOPIX fell 1.2%.
- Core inflation rose 1.8% YoY in March, exceeding expectations as higher energy prices drove the increase.
- The Japanese yen weakened toward 160 per dollar, a level closely watched for potential government intervention. The central bank is expected to keep interest rates on hold in the near term.

China

- Chinese equities were mixed, with the CSI 300 rising 0.9% and the Shanghai Composite gaining 0.7%, while Hong Kong’s Hang Seng Index fell 0.7%.
- First-quarter GDP grew 5% YoY, signaling a solid pace of economic recovery.
- The PBOC kept its Loan Prime Rates (LPR) unchanged for an 11th straight month, with the one-year LPR at 3.0% and the five-year at 3.5%, underscoring an ongoing supportive policy stance.
- Chinese tech firm DeepSeek unveiled its new V4 AI model, compatible with chips from Huawei and building on its previous generation.

Thailand

- Thailand’s SET Index fell 1.8%, pressured by foreign outflows of about 7.2 billion baht, while domestic institutional investors were also net sellers of roughly 1 billion baht.
- The government plans to roll out a 500 billion baht borrowing package and raise the public debt ceiling to 75% of GDP, signaling a more expansionary fiscal stance.
- Moody’s affirmed Thailand’s Baa1 investment-grade rating and revised its outlook to “Stable,” supporting investor confidence in the period ahead.

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