

Krungsri Star Multiple Fund

KFSMUL

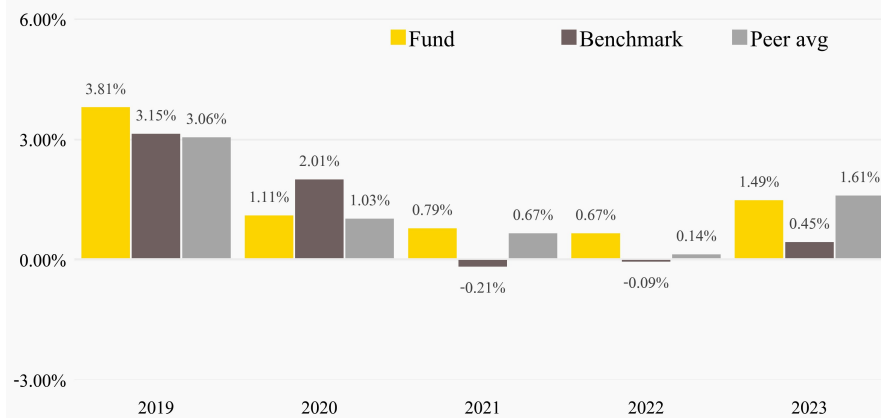
Fund Type

- Mixed Fund/ Cross Investing Fund
- Fund investing onshore and offshore with foreign investment related risks
- AIMC Category : Mid Term General Bond

Investment Policy and Management Style

- Focus on domestic investment particularly bank deposits, debt instruments of government sector, financial institutions or private companies.
- The fund may invest in hybrid instrument, debt instruments in foreign countries and enter into future contracts to hedge against currency risk.
- The fund may invest no more than 20 percent of NAV in units of mutual funds under management of the Company.
- The fund may invest in a forward contract to hedge against risk from investment and may invest in a forward contract only which is embedded in structure note transaction in puttable or callable bond.
- The fund aims to seek better returns than the benchmark (Active Management)
- The exchange rate risk is hedged at least 90% of the foreign investment value.

Calendar year performance



* For the year when the fund incepted, the calendar year performance is the cumulative return from an inception date to year end.

Risk spectrum



Moderate to High Risk

Investing in government bonds, private sector debentures, with non-investment grade/unrated securities more than 20% but less than 60% of NAV

Fund Information

Fund launch date	11 February 1999
Dividend policy	None
Fund duration	Indefinite

Fund Manager

Mr.Theerapab Chirasakyakul (30 December 2021)

Ms.Porntipa Nungnamjai (24 July 2006)

Benchmark

Net Total Return of ThaiBMA Government Bond Index with a 1-3 year tenor: 100.00%

*The new benchmark which reflect the taxation of investment in debt securities (Net TRN Index) is effective from 31 October 2019 onwards.

Benchmarking objective: The Management Company uses such index as a benchmark for fund performance comparison.

Disclaimer

- Investment in mutual fund is not a deposit.
- Past performance is not guarantee of future results.

Krungsri Asset Management Co.,Ltd. is certified by CAC.

Morningstar Rating **★★★★** (As of 29 Feb 2024)

Further information about Liquidity Risk Management tools investors can be sourced from Full prospectus.

Full Prospectus



www.krungsriasset.com

Fund performance (%)

	YTD	3M	6M	1Y *
Fund return	0.76	0.76	2.00	1.92
Benchmark	0.87	0.87	1.77	1.36
Peer Group	0.83	0.83	2.12	2.02
Standard Deviation of Fund	0.36	0.36	0.51	0.47
Standard Deviation of Benchmark	0.39	0.39	0.34	0.35
	3Y *	5Y *	10Y *	Since Inception
Fund return	1.35	1.61	1.98	2.74
Benchmark	0.42	1.09	1.70	5.25
Peer Group	1.14	1.39	1.72	N/A
Standard Deviation of Fund	0.64	0.84	0.75	3.44
Standard Deviation of Benchmark	0.53	0.53	3.45	9.03

* All periods longer than one year are annualized.

Peer Group fund category : Mid Term General Bond

Subscription

Period: Every bank working day

Opening hours: 08:30 - 15:30

Minimum initial subscription: 500 Baht

Minimum subsequent subscription: 500 Baht

Redemption

Period: Every bank working day

Opening hours: 08:30 - 15:30

Minimum redemption: 500 Baht or 50 units

Minimum holding balance: 50 units

Payment Period: T+2

Fees Charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV)

Fees	Not over	Actual
Management	0.8560	0.4280
Total	1.0700	0.5601

Fees Charged to Unitholders (% of trading value)

Fees	Not over	Actual
Subscription	None	None
Redemption	None	None
Switch - In	None	None
Switch - Out	None	None
Transfer	10 Baht per 1,000 units	10 Baht per 1,000 units

Remark

- All above mentioned fees are inclusive of Value Added Tax or Specific Business Tax or other
- In case of investment in units of a mutual fund under the management of the company (Cross-investment fund), the Management Company shall not double charge a management fee, front-end and back-end fee.

Statistical Information

Maximum Drawdown	-1.89 %
Recovering Period	1 Year 14 Days
FX Hedging	N/A
Portfolio Turnover Ratio	100.60 %
Portfolio Duration	1 Year 11 Months 24 Days
Yield to Maturity	2.71

* Yield to Maturity (YTM) includes all occurred yield without FX hedging adjustment. So this may cause the actual return increase or decrease from YTM in Thai Baht denominated.

Portfolio Breakdown (% NAV)

Fixed Income Instruments Issued by Corporates	60.71
Fixed Income Instruments issued by Bank of Thailand	21.92
Instruments issued by Sovereign or Supra-national organization	16.51
Other Assets	1.40
Deposits and Fixed Income Instruments issued by Financial Institutions	1.14
Other Liabilities	-1.68

Issuer Allocation (% NAV)

Bank of Thailand	21.92
Government	16.51
Ek-Chai Distribution System Co., Ltd	5.95
Bangkok Commercial Asset Management Plc.	5.15
SCG Chemicals Plc.	5.05

Credit Rating Breakdown

	Domestic	National	International
AAA	39.56		
AA	7.04		
A	53.67		

Top Five Holdings (% of NAV)

Holding	% NAV
Bank of Thailand Bond 2/FRB182/2024	6.75
DEBENTURES OF EK-CHAI DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM COMPANY LIMITED NO. 1/2022 SERIES 1,	5.95
Bank of Thailand Bond 2/2Y/2023	5.78
Debt Management Government Bond FY. B.E. 2566/25	5.52
DEBENTURES OF SCG CHEMICALS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED NO. 2/2565 TRANCHE 1	5.05

- Investors can purchase unit linked insurance from this fund through the specified insurer. Purchase of unit-linked fund may be subject to certain restrictions and practice. Investors should study the policy details of the unit linked fund prior to making an investment decision.

Definitions

Maximum Drawdown: The maximum percentage of loss of a fund over the past 5 years (or since inception if the fund has been established for less than 5 years). It is measured from the highest value of the fund's NAV per unit to the lowest value during the period that the NAV per unit is depreciating. The Maximum drawdown is used to assess the risk of possible loss that could occur from investing in a fund.

Recovering Period: A duration of time that let the investors know how long it will take for a fund to recover from a peak of loss to the original level of investment.

FX Hedging: Percentage of foreign currency denominated assets in the investment portfolio that are hedged against foreign exchange risk.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio: The trading frequency of assets in the investment portfolio during a certain period of time. It is calculated by taking either the total amount of new securities purchased or the number of securities sold (whichever is less) over a period of one year, divided by the average net asset value (NAV) of the fund over the corresponding period. A fund with high portfolio turnover indicates that the securities in the portfolio are frequently traded by the fund manager and hence high securities dealing cost. Therefore, investors must take into consideration the performance of the fund in order to determine the cost worthiness of such securities trading transactions.

Sharpe Ratio: A ratio between the excess return of a fund and the risk of investment. The Sharpe ratio reveals the average investment return, minus the risk-free rate of return, divided by the standard deviation of returns for the fund. The Sharpe ratio reflects the extra return that should be received by the fund to compensate the amount of risk taken in investment. The fund with a higher Sharpe ratio is considered superior to other funds in terms of management efficiency since it provides higher excess return under the same risk level.

Alpha: The excess return of a fund relative to the return of a benchmark index. A fund with high alpha indicates that it is able to beat the performance of its corresponding benchmark which is a result of the capabilities of the fund manager in selecting appropriate securities for investment or making investment in a timely manner.

Beta: A measure of the degree and direction of volatility of the rate of return of assets in the investment portfolio of the fund compared to the changes in the overall market. A beta of less than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is less volatile than that of the securities in the broader market whereas a beta of greater than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is more volatile than that of the broader market.

Tracking Error: An indication of how efficient the actual performance of the fund can replicate its corresponding benchmark. A low tracking error implies that the fund has the efficiency to generate a return on investment close to the benchmark return whereas the higher tracking error, the more divergence of the fund from its benchmark.

Yield to Maturity (YTM): The rate of return earned from a debt instrument that is held by the investor until its maturity date. It is calculated from the total coupon payments to be received throughout the maturity of the instrument plus the principal repayments, converted into present discounted value. The YTM is used to measure the rate of return of a fixed income fund by weighting the average yield of each debt instrument in the portfolio. Since YTM is expressed as an annual percentage, it can be used for performance comparison between different fixed income funds with a held-to-maturity investment policy which have similar investment characteristics.

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