krungsri Asset Management
A member of MUFG

Krungsri Asset Management Co., Ltd.

Support PVD transfers

Prospectus - Executive Summary

As of 30 September 2026

Krungsri Equity RMF

KFEQRMF

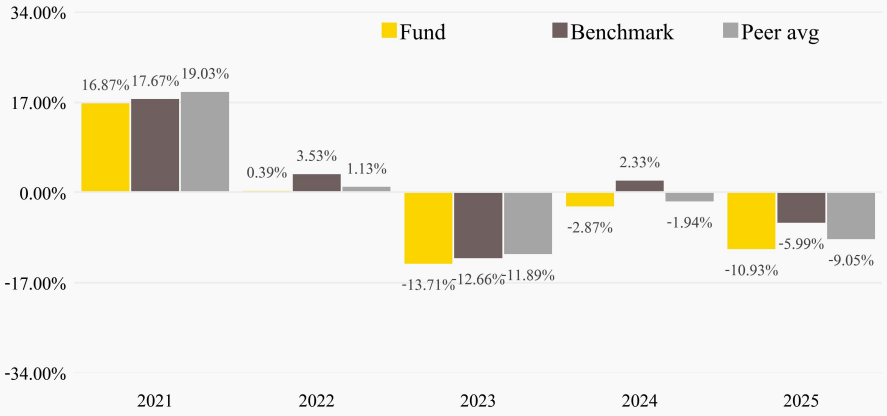
Fund Type

- Equity Fund/ Retirement Mutual Fund
- Fund investing onshore, no foreign investment related risks
- AIMC Category : Equity General

Investment Policy and Management Style

- Minimum 80% of its NAV in average in each fiscal year are invested in domestic equities with strong fundamental and high business growth potential.
- The remaining fund assets are invested in debt instruments of government sector, financial institutions private companies or bank deposits.
- The fund may invest in a forward contract to enhance efficiency portfolio management and hedge against risk from investment.
- The fund aims to seek better returns than the benchmark (Active Management)

Calendar year performance



* For the year when the fund incepted, the calendar year performance is the cumulative return from an inception date to year end.

Fund performance (%)

	YTD	3M	6M	1Y *
Fund return	17.75	1.56	7.87	15.23
Benchmark	28.91	-1.08	10.27	28.15
Peer Group	26.92	2.24	13.01	24.71
Standard Deviation of Fund	15.14	11.25	11.00	14.12
Standard Deviation of Benchmark	18.12	12.59	13.95	17.21

	3Y *	5Y *	10Y *	Since Inception
Fund return	-0.78	-2.01	-1.51	4.19
Benchmark	6.18	3.00	3.89	8.02
Peer Group	1.87	0.36	1.35	N/A
Standard Deviation of Fund	14.71	13.44	15.05	18.59
Standard Deviation of Benchmark	15.62	13.96	15.22	18.40

* All periods longer than one year are annualized.

Peer Group fund category : Equity General

Risk spectrum

Low risk | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | **6** | 7 | 8 | High risk

High Risk

Investing mainly in equity on average no less than 80% of NAV in fund's accounting year

Fund Information

Fund launch date	**12 July 2006**
Dividend policy	**None**
Fund duration	**Indefinite**

Fund Manager

Mr.Thalit Choktippattana (1 October 2021)

Mr.Peeti Pratipatpong (1 January 2021)

Benchmark

SET Total Return Index (SET TRI)

Benchmarking objective: The Management Company uses such index as a benchmark for fund performance comparison.

Disclaimer

- Investment in mutual fund is not a deposit.
- Past performance is not guarantee of future results.

Krungsri Asset Management Co.,Ltd. is certified by CAC.

Morningstar Rating ★★ (As of 31 Aug 2026)

Further information about Liquidity Risk Management tools investors can be sourced from Full prospectus.

Full Prospectus

www.krungsriasset.com

Subscription

Period: Every bank working day

Opening hours: 08:30 - 15:30

Minimum initial subscription: 500 Baht not exceeding 500,000 Baht

Minimum subsequent subscription: 500 Baht not exceeding 500,000 Baht

Redemption

Period: Every bank working day

Opening hours: 08:30 - 15:30

Minimum redemption: None

Minimum holding balance: Not specified

Payment Period: Not exceed 4 working days after the execution day but in general practice, the payment date will be 3 working days after the execution day (T+3)

Fees Charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV)

These fees may reduce investment returns. Investors are advised to consider these fees carefully before investing.

Fees	Not over	Actual
Management	**2.1400**	**2.1400**
Trailer fee: Yes		
Total	**2.3754**	**2.3323**

Remark

The trailer fee is a part of the management fee.

Fees Charged to Unitholders (% of trading value)

The fees below are charged directly to investors upon each subscription, redemption, or switching transaction.

Fees	Not over	Actual
Subscription	Not exceeding 1.00	Waived
Redemption	Not exceeding 1.00	Waived
Switch - In	None	None
Switch - Out	None	None
Transfer	None	None
Early redemption or switch out fee	None	None
Brokerage Fee	As actually incurred	0.15

Remark

- All above mentioned fees are inclusive of Value Added Tax or Specific Business Tax or other taxes.
- The management company, at its discretion, may adjust the actual fee charged in accordance with the strategy or operating expenses.

Top Five Holdings (% of NAV)

Holding	% NAV
CP ALL Plc.	6.91
Thanachart Capital Plc.	6.04
Gulf Development Plc.	5.51
Delta Electronics (Thailand) Plc.	4.61
PTT Plc.	4.46

Statistical Information

Maximum Drawdown	**-36.43 %**
Recovering Period	**0.00**
FX Hedging	**N/A**
Portfolio Turnover Ratio	**1.43**
Sharpe Ratio	**-0.18**
Alpha	**-6.96 %**
Beta	**0.79**
Tracking Error	**N/A**

Portfolio Breakdown (% NAV)

Equity and Unit Trusts	90.94
Other Assets	8.04
Deposits and Fixed Income Instruments issued by Financial Institutions	6.24
Other Liabilities	-5.22

Sector Allocation (% NAV)

Energy & Utilities	18.29
Banking	11.56
Health Care Services	10.80
Commerce	7.91
Information & Communication Technology	7.62

Definitions

Maximum Drawdown: The maximum percentage of loss of a fund over the past 5 years (or since inception if the fund has been established for less than 5 years). It is measured from the highest value of the fund's NAV per unit to the lowest value during the period that the NAV per unit is depreciating. The Maximum drawdown is used to assess the risk of possible loss that could occur from investing in a fund.

Recovering Period: A duration of time that let the investors know how long it will take for a fund to recover from a peak of loss to the original level of investment.

FX Hedging: Percentage of foreign currency denominated assets in the investment portfolio that are hedged against foreign exchange risk.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio: The trading frequency of assets in the investment portfolio during a certain period of time. It is calculated by taking either the total amount of new securities purchased or the number of securities sold (whichever is less) over a period of one year, divided by the average net asset value (NAV) of the fund over the corresponding period. A fund with high portfolio turnover indicates that the securities in the portfolio are frequently traded by the fund manager and hence high securities dealing cost. Therefore, investors must take into consideration the performance of the fund in order to determine the cost worthiness of such securities trading transactions.

Sharpe Ratio: A ratio between the excess return of a fund and the risk of investment. The Sharpe ratio reveals the average investment return, minus the risk-free rate of return, divided by the standard deviation of returns for the fund. The Sharpe ratio reflects the extra return that should be received by the fund to compensate the amount of risk taken in investment. The fund with a higher Sharpe ratio is considered superior to other funds in terms of management efficiency since it provides higher excess return under the same risk level.

Alpha: The excess return of a fund relative to the return of a benchmark index. A fund with high alpha indicates that it is able to beat the performance of its corresponding benchmark which is a result of the capabilities of the fund manager in selecting appropriate securities for investment or making investment in a timely manner.

Beta: A measure of the degree and direction of volatility of the rate of return of assets in the investment portfolio of the fund compared to the changes in the overall market. A beta of less than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is less volatile than that of the securities in the broader market whereas a beta of greater than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is more volatile than that of the broader market.

Tracking Error: An indication of how efficient the actual performance of the fund can replicate its corresponding benchmark. A low tracking error implies that the fund has the efficiency to generate a return on investment close to the benchmark return whereas the higher tracking error, the more divergence of the fund from its benchmark.

Yield to Maturity (YTM): The rate of return earned from a debt instrument that is held by the investor until its maturity date. It is calculated from the total coupon payments to be received throughout the maturity of the instrument plus the principal repayments, converted into present discounted value. The YTM is used to measure the rate of return of a fixed income fund by weighting the average yield of each debt instrument in the portfolio. Since YTM is expressed as an annual percentage, it can be used for performance comparison between different fixed income funds with a held-to-maturity investment policy which have similar investment characteristics.

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