

Krungsri Growth Balance 70/30 Fund-D

Dividend Class
KF-GB70-D

Fund Type

- Mixed Fund
- Fund investing onshore, no foreign investment related risks
- AIMC Category : Aggressive Allocation

Investment Policy and Management Style

- At least 65% but not exceeding 70% of its NAV in average in each fiscal year are invested in equities with strong fundamental or high business growth potential or attractive dividend yield.
- The remaining fund assets are invested in short term fixed income instruments or saving deposit.
- The fund aims to seek better returns than the benchmark (Active Management)

Calendar year performance

* No calendar year performance shown for the fund incepted this year.

Fund performance (%)

	YTD	3M	6M	1Y *
Fund return	15.61	4.86	2.95	N/A
Benchmark	22.20	1.70	5.47	N/A
Peer Group	20.27	4.98	6.60	N/A
Standard Deviation of Fund	11.52	8.51	11.74	N/A
Standard Deviation of Benchmark	16.09	12.12	16.42	N/A
	3Y *	5Y *	10Y *	Since Inception
Fund return	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.61
Benchmark	N/A	N/A	N/A	22.62
Peer Group	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Standard Deviation of Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.49
Standard Deviation of Benchmark	N/A	N/A	N/A	13.60

* All periods longer than one year are annualized.

Peer Group fund category : Aggressive Allocation

Subscription

Period: Every bank working day

Opening hours: 08:30 - 15:30

Minimum initial subscription: 500 Baht

Minimum subsequent subscription: 500 Baht

Redemption

Period: Every bank working day

Opening hours: 08:30 - 15:30

Minimum redemption: 500 Baht or 50 units

Minimum holding balance: 50 units

Payment Period: Not exceed 4 working days after the execution day but in general practice, the payment date will be 3 working days after the execution day (T+3)

Fees Charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV)

These fees may reduce investment returns. Investors are advised to consider these fees carefully before investing.

Fees	Not over	Actual
Management	1.7976	1.7976
Trailer fee: Yes		
Total	2.0758	2.0167

Risk spectrum



Moderate to High Risk

Investing in equity, debt instruments and/or alternative assets, with an investment in equity less than 80% of NAV

Fund Information

Fund launch date 30 November 2006

Share class launch date 30 December 2025

Dividend policy Yes

Fund duration Indefinite

Fund Manager

Mr.Thalit Choktippattana (30 December 2025)

Mr.Peeti Pratipatpong (30 December 2025)

Benchmark

Benchmark is weighted average as follows;

(1) 70% SET Total Return Index (SET TRI)

(2) 30% Three-months ThaiBMA Zero Rate Return

Government Bond Index (ZRR Index 3 mth)

Benchmarking objective: The Management Company uses such index as a benchmark for fund performance comparison.

Disclaimer

- Investment in mutual fund is not a deposit.
- Past performance is not guarantee of future results.

Krungsri Asset Management Co.,Ltd. is certified by CAC.

Full Prospectus



Further information about
Liquidity Risk Management tools
investors can be sourced from
Full prospectus.

www.krungsriasset.com

Remark			Statistical Information		
The trailer fee is a part of the management fee.			Maximum Drawdown Recovering Period FX Hedging Portfolio Turnover Ratio Sharpe Ratio Alpha Beta Tracking Error Portfolio Duration	-8.34 %	
Fees Charged to Unitholders (% of trading value) The fees below are charged directly to investors upon each subscription, redemption, or switching transaction.				3 Months 12 Days	
Fees	Not over	Actual		N/A	
Subscription	Not exceeding 1.50	0.70		0.94	
Redemption	Not exceeding 1.50	Waived		N/A	
Switch - In	Not exceeding 1.50	0.70		0.00 %	
Switch - Out	Not exceeding 1.00	Waived		0.93	
Transfer	10 Baht per 1,000 units	10 Baht per 1,000 units		N/A	
Remark				3 Months	
- All above mentioned fees are inclusive of Value Added Tax or Specific Business Tax or other taxes.			Portfolio Breakdown (% NAV)		
- The management company, at its discretion, may adjust the actual fee charged in accordance with the strategy or operating expenses.					
- The Management Company reserves the right to waive the switching fee in the case of switching among different classes of mutual fund units within this Fund, moreover there is under the terms and conditions specified by the management company.					
- The Management Company reserves the right to waive the transfer fee at its discretion.					
Fixed Income - Top Five Holdings (% of NAV)			Sector Allocation (% NAV)		
Holding	% NAV				
Bank of Thailand Bond 15/FRB182/2026	8.75				
Bank of Thailand Bond 5/364/2026	7.10				
Bank of Thailand Bond 2/364/2026	5.27				
Bank of Thailand Bond 9/364/2025	4.76				
Bank of Thailand Bond 2/FRB364/2026	1.60				
Equity - Top Five Holdings (% of NAV)			Issuer Allocation (% NAV)		
Holding	% NAV				
CP ALL Plc.	4.97				
Gulf Development Plc.	4.28				
Thanachart Capital Plc.	4.23				
MBK Plc.	4.06				
PTT Plc.	3.72				
Credit Rating Breakdown					
			Domestic	National	International
			AAA	30.00	
			A	0.00	

Definitions

Maximum Drawdown: The maximum percentage of loss of a fund over the past 5 years (or since inception if the fund has been established for less than 5 years). It is measured from the highest value of the fund's NAV per unit to the lowest value during the period that the NAV per unit is depreciating. The Maximum drawdown is used to assess the risk of possible loss that could occur from investing in a fund.

Recovering Period: A duration of time that let the investors know how long it will take for a fund to recover from a peak of loss to the original level of investment.

FX Hedging: Percentage of foreign currency denominated assets in the investment portfolio that are hedged against foreign exchange risk.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio: The trading frequency of assets in the investment portfolio during a certain period of time. It is calculated by taking either the total amount of new securities purchased or the number of securities sold (whichever is less) over a period of one year, divided by the average net asset value (NAV) of the fund over the corresponding period. A fund with high portfolio turnover indicates that the securities in the portfolio are frequently traded by the fund manager and hence high securities dealing cost. Therefore, investors must take into consideration the performance of the fund in order to determine the cost worthiness of such securities trading transactions.

Sharpe Ratio: A ratio between the excess return of a fund and the risk of investment. The Sharpe ratio reveals the average investment return, minus the risk-free rate of return, divided by the standard deviation of returns for the fund. The Sharpe ratio reflects the extra return that should be received by the fund to compensate the amount of risk taken in investment. The fund with a higher Sharpe ratio is considered superior to other funds in terms of management efficiency since it provides higher excess return under the same risk level.

Alpha: The excess return of a fund relative to the return of a benchmark index. A fund with high alpha indicates that it is able to beat the performance of its corresponding benchmark which is a result of the capabilities of the fund manager in selecting appropriate securities for investment or making investment in a timely manner.

Beta: A measure of the degree and direction of volatility of the rate of return of assets in the investment portfolio of the fund compared to the changes in the overall market. A beta of less than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is less volatile than that of the securities in the broader market whereas a beta of greater than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is more volatile than that of the broader market.

Tracking Error: An indication of how efficient the actual performance of the fund can replicate its corresponding benchmark. A low tracking error implies that the fund has the efficiency to generate a return on investment close to the benchmark return whereas the higher tracking error, the more divergence of the fund from its benchmark.

Yield to Maturity (YTM): The rate of return earned from a debt instrument that is held by the investor until its maturity date. It is calculated from the total coupon payments to be received throughout the maturity of the instrument plus the principal repayments, converted into present discounted value. The YTM is used to measure the rate of return of a fixed income fund by weighting the average yield of each debt instrument in the portfolio. Since YTM is expressed as an annual percentage, it can be used for performance comparison between different fixed income funds with a held-to-maturity investment policy which have similar investment characteristics.

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